### **MORNSUN®**

## TD(H)341S485S-FT DFN package isolated RS485 Transceiver

#### **Features**

- · Ultra-small, ultra-thin, chip scale DFN package
- · Compliant with TIA/EIA-485A standard
- Integrated isolated 3.3V power
- I/O power supply range supports 3.3V and 5V microprocessors( Specific application

refer to "Recommendations 2")

- High isolation to 5000VDC (TD341S485S-FT 3000VDC)
- Bus-Pin ESD protection up to 15kV(HBM)
- · Baud rate up to 20Mbps
- >25kV/us CMTI
- Low communication delay
- Full-duplex
- 1/8 unit load—up to 256 nodes on a bus
- Bus fail-safe
- Bus driver short circuit protection
- Industrial operating ambient temperature range: -40  $^{\circ}{\rm C}$  to +105  $^{\circ}{\rm C}$
- Meet AEC-Q100 standards
- Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL) 3

#### **Applications**

- Industrial Automation
- Building Automation
- Smart Electricity Meter
- · Remote Signal Interaction, Transmission

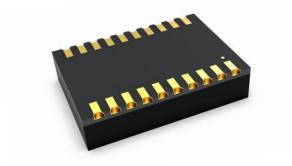
#### **Functional Description**

TD(H)341S485S-FT is a full-duplex enhanced transceiver designed for RS–485 data bus networks, which is fully compliant with TIA/EIA-485A standard and is suitable for data transmission of up to 20 Mbps. Their logic side supports 3.3V and 5V logic level conversion. Receivers have an exceptionally high input impedance, which places only 1/8 of the standard load on a shared bus and up to 256 transceivers.

The reliability design of A, B, Z, Y pin is emphasized, including driver output over current protection and enhanced ESD design. The ESD protection level of A, B, Z, Y pin can be up to 15kV (Human Body Model).

#### Package



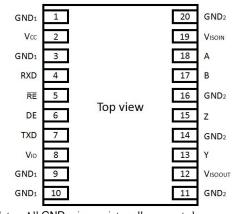


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#### Pin Connection



Note: All  $\mathsf{GND}_1$  pins are internally connected. All  $\mathsf{GND}_2$  pins are internally connected.

# VCC Transform Drive Signal Signal Fixed Signal Signal Fixed Fixe

#### **Function Table**

Letter	Description
Н	High-Level
L	Low-Level
X	Unrelated
Z	High Impedance

Table 1. Driver Function table

TXD	DE	Output		
TAB	DE	Y	Z	
Н	Н	Н	L	
L	Н	L	Н	
Х	L	Z	Z	
OPEN	Н	Н	L	

Table 2. Receiver Function table

Table 21 (Coord of Carlotter Carlo							
Difference input VID = (VA – VB)	RE	RXD					
-0.01 V ≤ ViD	L	Н					
-0.2 V < V <sub>ID</sub> < -0.01 V	L	Uncertainty					
ViD ≤ -0.2 V	L	L					
X	Н	Н					
Open circuit	L	Н					
Short circuit	L	Н					

#### Pin Descriptions

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Functions		
1	GND₁	Ground (Logic side).		
2	V <sub>CC</sub>	Power supply. By using 0.1uF ceramic capacitance ground(GND <sub>1</sub> ).		
3	GND₁	Ground (Logic side).		
4	RXD	Receiver output pin.		
5	RE	Receiver enable input. When $\overline{RE}$ is low, if $(A - B) \ge -10$ mV, then RXD = high. if $(A - B) \le -200$ mV, then RXD = low.		
6	DE	Driver enable input. When DE is high, outputs are enabled. When DE is low, outputs are high impedance.  Drive DE low and $\overline{RE}$ high to enter shutdown mode.		
7	TXD	Driver input pin.		
8	V <sub>IO</sub>	Power supply of Logic side. By using 1uF ceramic capacitance ground(GND <sub>1</sub> ).		
9	GND₁	Ground (Logic side).		
10	GND₁	Ground (Logic side).		
11	GND <sub>2</sub>	Ground (Bus Side).		
12	Visoout	Insulation power output. By using 1uF Ceramic capacitance ground(GND <sub>2</sub> , pin11). The pin needs to be connected to pin19 in application.		
13	Y	Driver Noninverting Output.		
14	GND <sub>2</sub>	Ground (Bus Side).		
15	Z	Driver inverting Output.		
16	GND <sub>2</sub>	Ground (Bus Side).		
17	В	Receiver Inverting Input.		
18	Α	Receiver Noninverting Input.		
19	Visoin	Insulation power input. By using 0.1uF ceramic capacitance ground(GND <sub>2</sub> , pin20). The pin needs to be connected to pin12 in application.		
20	GND₂	Ground (Bus Side).		

#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

General test conditions: Free-air, normal operating temperature range (Unless otherwise specified).

Parameters	Unit
Supply voltage ( V∞ )	-0.3V to +3.5V
V <sub>IO</sub> Input Voltag	-0.3V to+6V
Bus voltage	-8V to+13V
Digital Input Voltage (DE, RE, TXD, RXD)	-0.3V to+6V
Operating Temperature Range	−40°C to +105°C
Storage Temperature Range	−50°C to +125°C
Reflow Soldering Temperature	Peak temp. ≤250°C, maximum duration ≤60s at 217°C. Please also refer to IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020D. 3.

Important: Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for an extended period may severely affect the device reliability, and stress levels exceeding the "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may result in permanent damage.

#### Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Recommended O	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
V <sub>CC</sub>	Suppl	y voltage	3.15	3	3.45	
V <sub>IO</sub>	Suppl	y voltage	2.375	3.3	5.5	
Vı	Voltage at any bus terminal	(differential or common mode)	-7		12	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	High-level input vo	2		V <sub>IO</sub>		
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input vo	Itage(TXD, DE, RE)	0		0.8	
	Output sument	Driver	-60		60	A
los	Output current	Receiver	-8		8	mA
R <sub>IN</sub>	Differential output load resistance		54	60		Ω
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating temperature range		-40		105	$^{\circ}$
-	Signa	aling rate			20	Mbps

#### Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Cond	itions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Driver				•				
		No	load	3.0			V	
$V_{\text{OD}}$	Differential driver output	R <sub>L</sub> = 54Ω	, Figure 7	1.5	2.0		.,	
		R <sub>L</sub> = 1000	Σ, Figure 7	2.0			V	
$\Delta V_{\text{OD}}$	Δ V <sub>OD</sub>   for complementary output states	R <sub>L</sub> = 54Ω	, Figure 7			±0.2	V	
Voc	Common-Mode output voltage	Figu	ıre 6	1		3	V	
$\Delta Voc(ss)$	Δ V <sub>OC</sub>   for complementary output states	Figu	ıre 6	-0.1		0.1	V	
los	Output short-circuit current	-7V ≤ V <sub>0</sub>	<sub>DUT</sub> ≤ 12V		±110	±250	mA	
Receiver								
VIT(+)	Positive differential input threshold voltage	-7 V ≤ V <sub>0</sub>	<sub>CM</sub> ≤ +12 V			-10	mV	
VIT(-)	Negative differential input threshold voltage		<sub>SM</sub> ≤ +12 V	-200			mV	
Vhys	Hysteresis voltage (V <sub>IT+</sub> – V <sub>IT-</sub> )	-7 V ≤ V <sub>0</sub>	<sub>CM</sub> ≤ +12 V		20		mV	
Rid	Differential input resistance(A, B)	-7 V ≤ V <sub>0</sub>	<sub>CM</sub> ≤ +12 V	96			kΩ	
l.	Input current (A, B)		DE=0, RE =0,	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 12V		190	250	uA
lı			V <sub>CC</sub> =0 or 3.3V	V <sub>OUT</sub> = -7V	-200	-110		uA
Vон	BYD output high voltage	$I_{OUT} = 20 \mu A, V_A - V_B = 0.2 V$		V <sub>IO</sub> - 0.1			V	
VOH	RXD output high voltage	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 4 mA, \	$V_{A} - V_{B} = 0.2 \text{ V}$	V <sub>IO</sub> - 0.4	V <sub>IO</sub> - 0.2		V	
Vol	BVD output low voltage	$I_{OUT} = -20 \mu A, V_A - V_B = -0.2 V$				0.1	V	
VOL	RXD output low voltage	I <sub>OUT</sub> = −4 mA, \	$V_{A} - V_{B} = -0.2 \text{ V}$			0.4	V	
Power supply	and safeguard characteristic							
lcc	Supply current	DE =R	<u>RE</u> = 0V		18	40	mA	
	Marking accompan	Between Y,	Z 100Ω load		95	125	mA	
Icc	Working current	Between Y,	Z 54Ω load		105	135	mA	
	LIDM	A, B, Y, 2	Z to GND			±15	kV	
ESD	HBM	Othe	er pin			±2	kV	
	Contact	A, B, Y, 2	Z to GND			±4	kV	
EFT	IEC61000-4-4		and GND			±2	kV	
SURGE	IEC61000-4-5	A, B, Y, Z and GND(Common Mode)				±2	kV	
<u> </u>	Inquilate valtage	TD341S	485S-FT			3000	VDC	
\/I.O	Insulate voltage	TDH3418	S485S-FT			5000	VDC	
VI-O	Insulate impedance			1			GΩ	
	Insulate capacitance				3		pF	
CMTI	Common mode transient immunity		) V, V <sub>CM</sub> = 1 kV, nitude = 800 V	25			kV/us	

#### **Transmission Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
-	Maximum data rate	Duty 40% ~ 60%			20	Mbps
T <sub>PHL</sub> , T <sub>PLH</sub>	Driver propagation delay			25	90	ns
T <sub>PHL</sub> -T <sub>PLH</sub>	Driver skew (  T <sub>PHL</sub> - T <sub>PLH</sub>   )	$R_L = 54\Omega$ , $C_L = 50$ pF, Figure 8			15	ns
T <sub>R</sub> , T <sub>F</sub>	Driver rise/fall time				60	ns
T <sub>PHL</sub> , T <sub>PLH</sub>	Receiver propagation delay	C = 15pC Figure 0		60	150	ns
T <sub>PHL</sub> -T <sub>PLH</sub>	Receiver skew (  T <sub>PLH</sub> - T <sub>PHL</sub>   )	C <sub>L</sub> = 15pF Figure 9		10	20	ns
T <sub>R</sub> , T <sub>F</sub>	Receiver rise/fall time	C <sub>L</sub> = 15pF Figure 9		25		ns

#### **Physical Specifications**

Parameters	Value	Unit
Weight	1.0(Typ. )	g

#### **Typical Performance Curves**

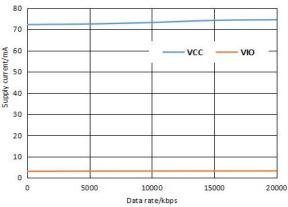


Figure 1. Supply current vs. Data rate 100 **tPLH** 90 80 70 Receiver Delay/ns 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -40 18 47 76 105 Operating temperature/°C

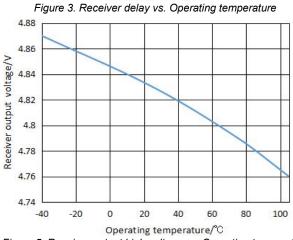
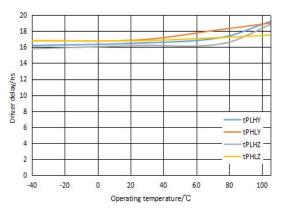


Figure 5. Receiver output high voltage vs. Operating temperature



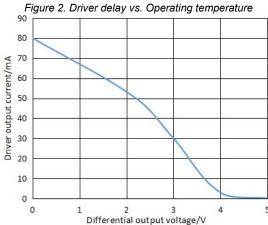


Figure 4. Driver output current vs. Differential output voltage

#### **Test Circuits**

Note: Testing the condition burden capacitance including test to stretch forward and testing fixture parasitic capacitance. Testing semaphore upswing and drop to follow < 6nS, frequency = 100kHz, duty = 50%. resistance  $ZO = 54\Omega$ .

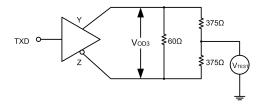


Figure 6. Driver test circuit, VOD with common-mode loading

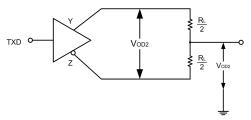
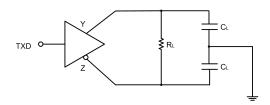


Figure 7. Driver test circuit



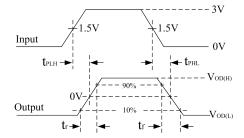
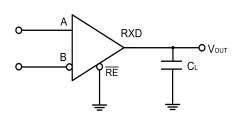


Figure 8. Drive propagation delay test circuit and wave forms



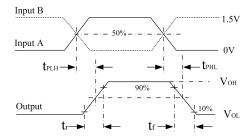


Figure 9. Receiver propagation delay test circuit and wave forms

#### **Detailed Description**

TD(H)341S485S-FT is a full-duplex enhanced RS485 isolated transceiver with isolated power supply. In addition to an isolated power supply, each transceiver contains a drive and a receiver. The transceiver has a standby bus failure protection function to ensure that the receiver output is high when the receiver input is open, short, or when the bus is idle. TD(H)341S485S-FT adopts 3.3VDC power supply. The whole machine can monitor the overall working state of the module and limit the output high current, so as to prevent the bus overload or short circuit from causing non-recoverable damage to the transceiver

Receiver input filter: TD(H)341S485S-FT receiver integrated high performance input filter, the filter can greatly enhance the receiver's noise suppression ability to high speed differential signal. Therefore, the transmission delay of the receiver is also caused by this reason.

Bus failure protection: In general, when -200mV < A - B < -10mV, the bus receiver will be in an uncertainty state. This phenomenon occurs when the bus is idle. Bus failure protection ensures that the receiver outputs a high level when the receiver input is open, short, or when the bus access port matches the resistance. TD(H)341S485S-FT receiver threshold voltage is relatively accurate, and the threshold voltage to the reference ground has a margin of at least 10mV, which can ensure that even if the bus differential voltage is 0V, the receiver output level is high, and meets the requirements of EIA/TIA-485 standard ±200mV.

The bus load capacity (256 point): standard RS485 receiver input impedance is defined as  $12 \text{ k}\Omega$  (unit load). A standard RS485 driver can drive at least 32 load units. TD(H)341S485S-FT bus receiver designed by 1/8 unit load, the input impedance is greater than  $96 \text{ k}\Omega$ . As a result, the bus allows access to more transceivers (up to 256). TD(H)341S485S-FT can also be mixed with the standard RS485 transceiver with 32 unit loads (cumulative receiver load cannot exceed 32 units).

Low power SHUTDOWN mode: When high level is input and low power is input, the transceiver enters SHUTDOWN mode. When the transceiver enters off mode, its overall standby power consumption decreases, DE can be short-connected and controlled by the same I/O. If the high level is input and the holding time of DE low level is less than 50ns, the transceiver cannot enter the off mode. If the holding time can be maintained at least 600ns, the transceiver will reliably enter the off mode.

Drive output protection: TD(H)341S485S-FT internal integrated drive short circuit (or overcurrent) protection module. In case of bus error or driver short circuit, the module can limit the output current of the driver within a certain limit.

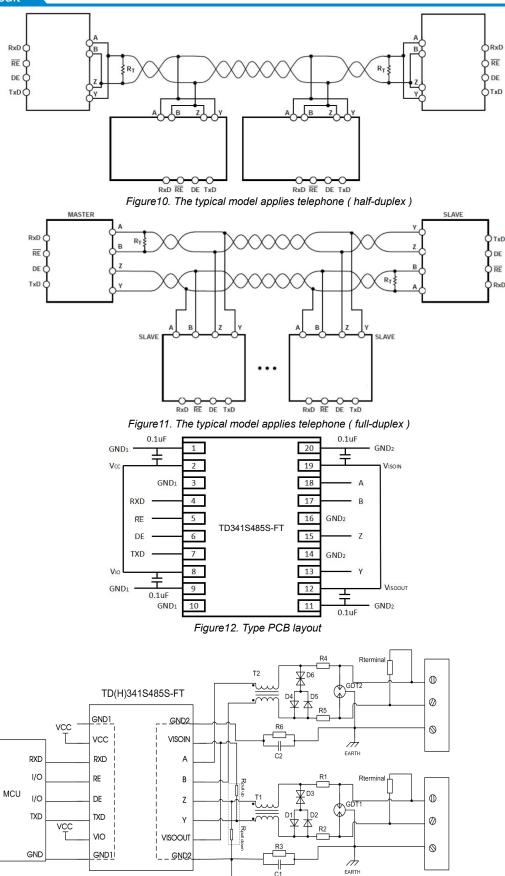


Figure 13. Port protection circuit for harsh environments

Recommended components and values:

Component	Recommended part, value	Component	Recommended part, value
R3,R6	1ΜΩ	R1,R2,R4,R5	2.7Ω/2W
C1,C3	1nF, 2kV	D1,D2,D4,D5	1N4007
T1,T2	ACM2520-301-2P	D3,D6	SMBJ8.5CA
GDT1,GDT2	B3D090L	R <sub>terminal</sub>	120 Ω

As the modules internal A / B / Z / Y lines come with its own ESD protection, which generally satisfy most application environments without the need for additional ESD protection devices. For harsh and noisy application environments such as motors, high voltage/current switches, lightning and similar however, we recommended that the user protects the module's A / B / Z / Y lines with additional measures and external components such as TVS tube, common mode inductors, Gas discharge tube, shielded twisted pair of wires with the same single network Earth point. Figure 13 shows our recommended circuit diagram for such type of applications with components and values given in the table above. This recommendation is for reference only and may have to be adapted accordingly with appropriate component values in order to match the actual situation and application.

Note: Select the R<sub>terminal</sub> according to the actual application.

#### Recommendations

- ① Power isolation V<sub>ISOOUT</sub> need through a series of capacitors connected to the output pin V<sub>ISOIN</sub>, in addition to the mentioned in article 5 of the pull up and down function, the power supply is not recommended for other purposes, otherwise it may cause the bus voltage did not meet the requirements of communication, causes the communication failure.
- ②  $V_{IO}$  pin decide the output level of RXD pin. Normally,  $V_{IO}$  pin need to connected to the  $V_{cc}$  pin to support 3.3V microprocessors.  $V_{IO}$  pin need to disconnect to the  $V_{cc}$  pin and need a 5V power supply separately to support 5V microprocessors if necessary.
- 3) DE and TXD contains a  $10k\Omega$  pull up resistor each,  $\overline{RE}$  contains a  $10k\Omega$  pull down resistor.
- ④ DE, RE, TXD pin is always not allow to set to open drain output state connect the controller, otherwise it will lead to uncertain consequences.
- ⑤ To maintain bus idle stability, we need at least one node will pull up Y to  $V_{ISOIN}$  and drop down Z to GND2 on the bus. Overall network at the same time pull up and drop down resistors of the parallel value must around  $380\Omega$  to  $420\Omega(0.2W)$

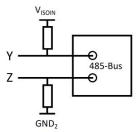
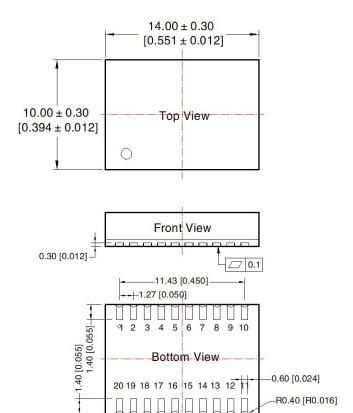


Figure 14. Pull up and drop down resistance connect

- 6 Hot-swap is not supported.
- If the external input of TXD is insufficient, the pull-up resistor should be added according to the situation.
- ® Refer to IPC 7093 for the welding process design of this product. For detailed operation guidance, please refer to Hot Air Gun Welding Operation Instruction for DFN Package Product or Welding Operation Instruction for DFN Package Product.

#### Ordering Information

Part number	Package	Number of pins	Product marking	Tape & Reel		
TD341S485S-FT DFN		20 TD341S485S-FT		300/REEL		
TDH341S485S-FT	TDH341S485S-FT DFN		TDH341S485S-FT	300/REEL		



Note:

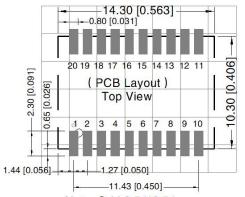
Unit: mm[inch]

Pin diameter tolerances :  $\pm 0.10[\pm 0.004]$ 

\_\_\_\_1.27 [0.050] \_\_\_\_\_11.43 [0.450]

#### THIRD ANGLE PROJECTION (

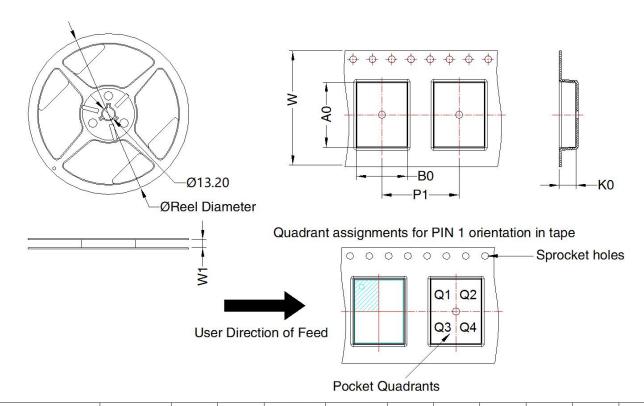




Note: Grid 2.54\*2.54mm

Pin-Out							
Pin	Mark	Pin	Mark				
1	GND <sub>1</sub>	11	GND₂				
2	Vcc	12	V <sub>ISOOUT</sub>				
3	GND <sub>1</sub>	13	Y				
4	RXD	14	GND₂				
5	RE	15	Z				
6	DE	16	GND₂				
7	TXD	17	В				
8	V <sub>IO</sub>	18	Α				
9	GND₁	19	VISOIN				
10	GND <sub>1</sub>	20	GND₂				

#### Tape & Reel Information



Device	Package Type	Pin	MPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TD(H)341S485S-FT	DFN 10x14	20	300	180.0	24.4	14.52	10.52	3.5	16.0	24.0	Q1

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